



# International credit mobility (KA171) in the Erasmus+ programme 2021-2027

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# International dimension of Erasmus+ 2021-2027

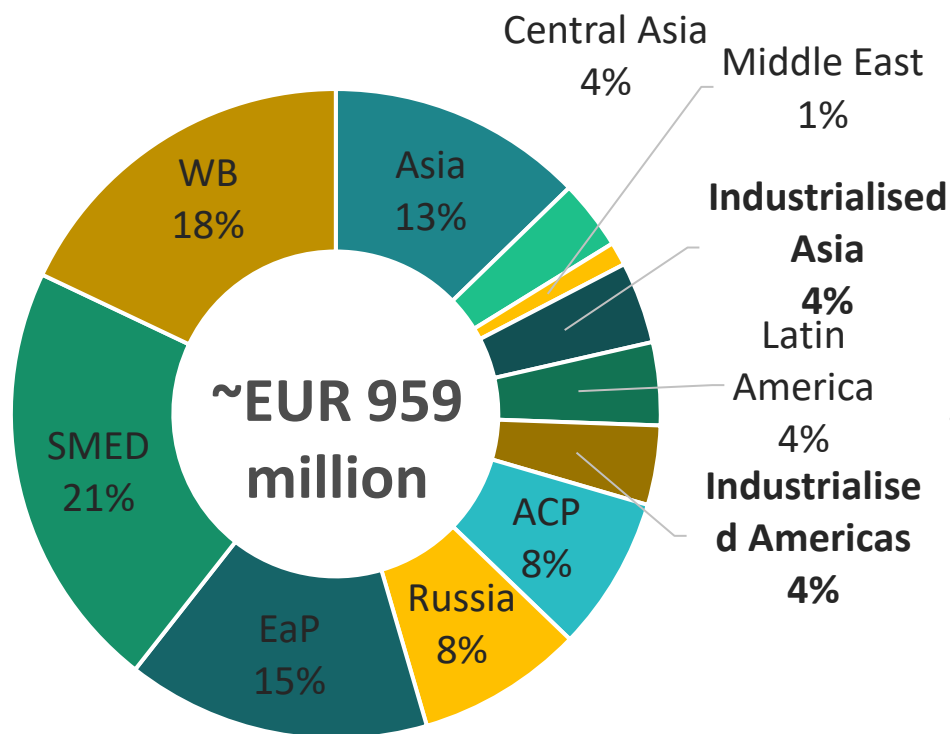
- Mixed funding of Int'l dimension of E+: E+ budget line (H2) and External financial instruments (H6)
- Heading 6: **2.174 billion EUR** (1.932 billion EUR 2014-2020):
  - IPA III (WB, 374 million EUR)
  - NDICI (rest of the world, 1,8 billion EUR)
- Slight difference in the composition of the regions compared to 2014-2020
  - New regions
  - Mix of High income countries (HICs) and Least developed countries (LDCs)

# International dimension of Erasmus+ 2021-2027

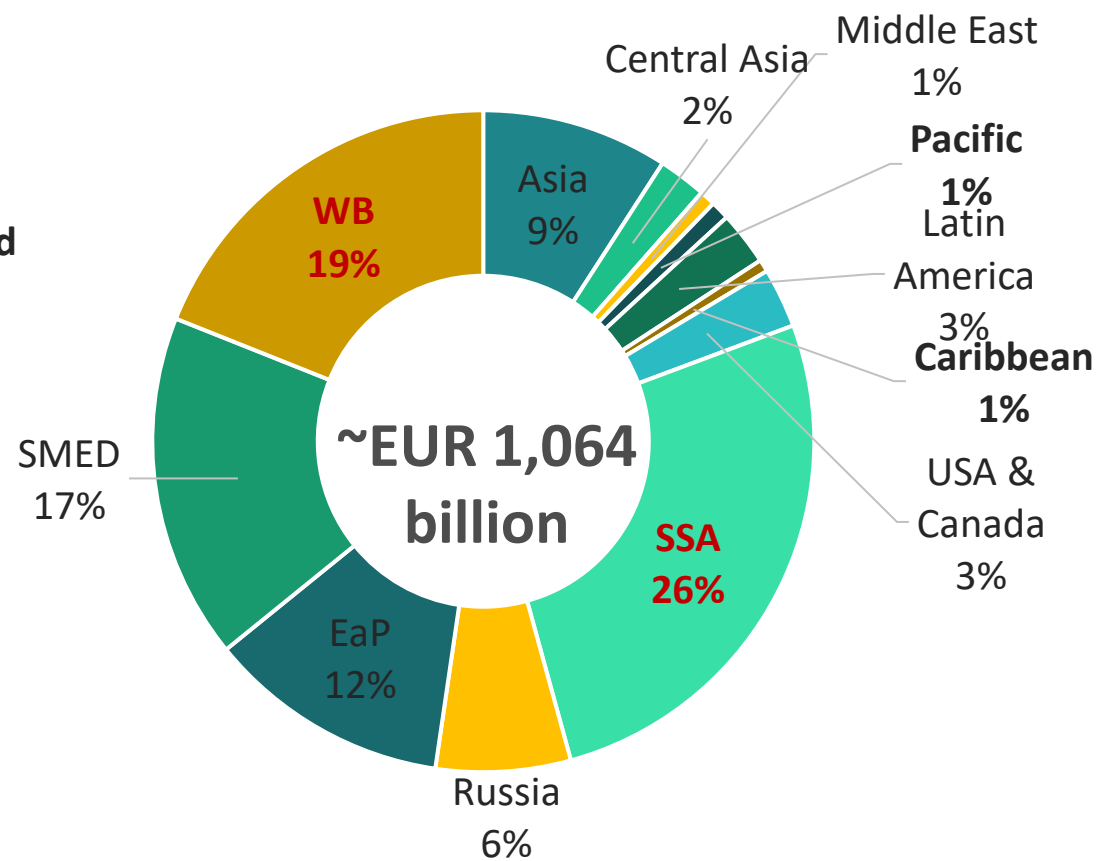
Region	
Asia	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, DPR Korea, India, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Vietnam <b>High income countries: Brunei, Hong Kong, Japan, Korea, Macao, Singapore and Taiwan</b>
Central Asia	<b>Afghanistan</b> , Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan
Middle East	Iran, Iraq, Yemen <b>High income countries: Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates</b>
Pacific	<b>Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu</b> <b>High income countries: Australia, New Zealand</b>
Latin America	Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela
Caribbean	<b>Antigua &amp; Barbuda , Bahamas , Barbados , Belize, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, St Kitts and Nevis, St Lucia, St Vincent &amp; Grenadines, Suriname and Trinidad &amp; Tobago</b>
US & Canada	United States of America, Canada
SSA	Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Congo - Democratic Republic of the, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe
Russia	Russia
Neighborhood East	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, Ukraine
SMED	Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Palestine, Syria, Tunisia
Western Balkans	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Montenegro

# ICM in the new Erasmus+ programme: budget (I)

2014-2020

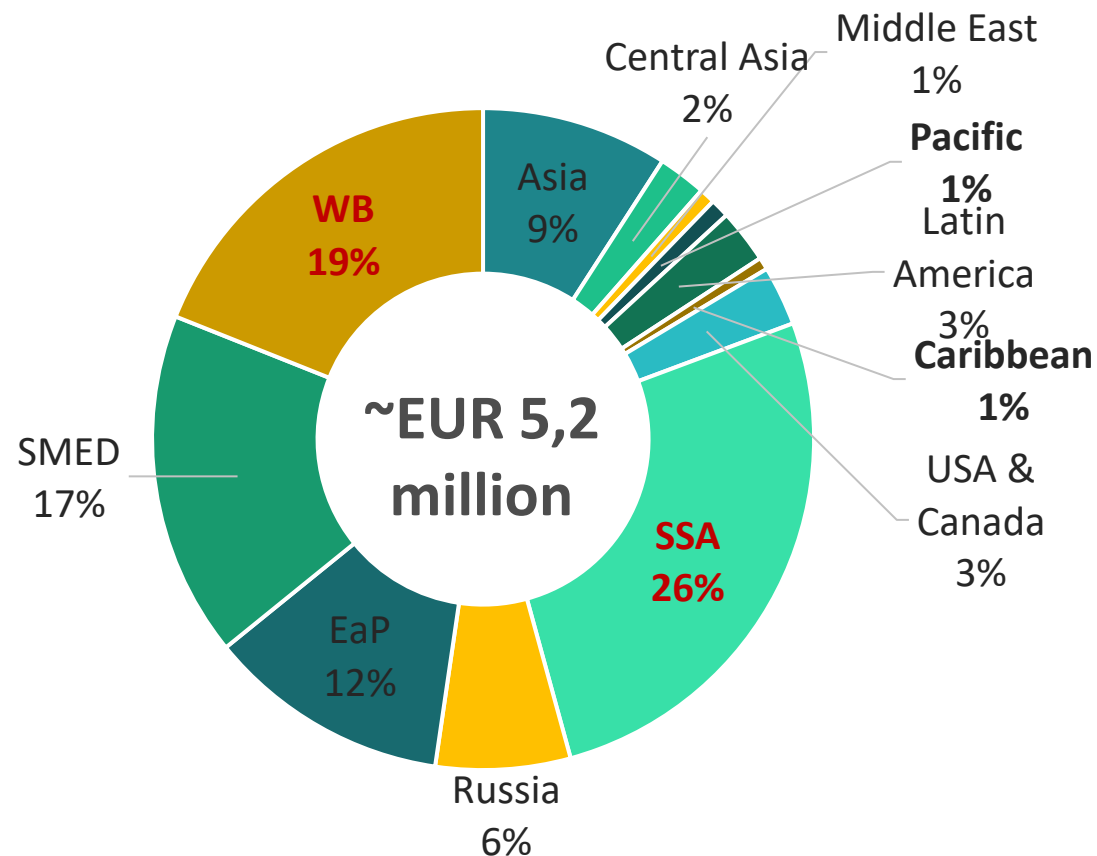


2021-2027



# ICM in the new Erasmus+ programme: budget (II)

2021-2027



- Increased budgets of **1,4 million EUR** for **Sub-Saharan Africa** and **almost 1 million EUR** for **Western Balkans**
- Smallest regional envelopes will contain between **30.000-50.000 EUR** for **Pacific, Middle East and Caribbean** regions.

# International Credit Mobility (ICM) in the new Erasmus+ programme: novelties (I)

**NEW**

- Application form – regional approach:
  - 3 quality questions: one at project level and two for each region the applicant intends to cooperate with
  - Shift funds between countries in the same region => more flexible budget management
  - Apply only for student/staff mobility without specifying types of activity (studies/ traineeships or teaching/training)
  - Estimation of participants with fewer opportunities

# International Credit Mobility (ICM) in the new Erasmus+ programme: novelties (II)

- Enhanced opportunities with a focus on inclusion:

**NEW**

- blended mobilities - short physical mobility of 5 to 30 days combined with a virtual component,
- opening up to recent graduates for traineeships,
- > flexible format for doctoral candidates

# ICM in the new Erasmus+ programme: novelties (III)

- Individual and travel support contributions will remain the same:
  - EUR 700-900/month for students and EUR 140-180/day for staff
  - Physical activity as part of blended mobility: EUR 70/day up to the 14<sup>th</sup> day of activity and EUR 50/day from 15<sup>th</sup> to the 30<sup>th</sup> day of activity
- Increased OS from EUR 350 to 500 per participant
- Top-ups for participants with fewer opportunities and special organisational support to HEIs
- Top-up for green travel



# ICM in the new Erasmus+ programme: novelties (IV)

- Priorities and indicative geographical targets different regions **to be attained at European level over the whole duration of the programme:**
- **Restrictions for outgoing short, 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> cycle students** in almost all regions
  - For the purposes of ICM, only incoming mobilities and outgoing PhD and staff mobilities are considered DAC-able (= contributing to the development assistance of the recipient countries).
  - The mixed composition of the regions, combining High income and Developing countries, makes it more difficult to distinguish regions that allow or restrict outgoing student mobility (for short-, 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> cycle)
  - Outgoing mobilities for these study cycles towards countries that are on the OECD ODA list are restricted (WB countries are exempted from this rule). The list, which is periodically revised, can be found here: <https://www.oecd.org/dac/financing-sustainable-development/development-finance-standards/DAC-List-ODA-Recipients-for-reporting-2021-flows.pdf>

# ICM in the new Erasmus+ programme: novelties

## (V)

Region	
Asia	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, DPR Korea, India, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Vietnam High income countries: Brunei, Hong Kong, Japan, Korea, Macao, Singapore and Taiwan
Central Asia	Afghanistan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan
Middle East	Iran, Iraq, Yemen High income countries: Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates
Pacific	Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu High income countries: Australia, New Zealand
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Russia	Russia
Neighborhood East	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, Ukraine
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Western Balkans	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Montenegro

# International opening of KA131 (I)

- Two strands of the international dimension:
  - International outgoing mobility supported by internal policy funds (KA131)
  - International outgoing and incoming mobility supported by external policy funds (KA171)
- Funding sources:
  - KA131: H2 => up to 20% of project grant for international mobility, one budget for the whole world
  - KA171: H6, earmarked budget envelopes per region

# International opening of KA131 (II)

- Available funding in 2022:
  - KA131: 194m (with max 20% use)
  - KA171: 194m
- Geographical scope and flows:
  - KA131: worldwide, only outgoing mobility
  - KA171: worldwide except Regions 13 and 14, geographical targets

# International opening of KA131 (III)

- Application:
  - KA131: only indicative % for international mobility
  - KA171: quality assessment per region & approval of country flows
- Implementation mode:
  - KA131: selection of partner countries & HEIs during implementation
  - KA171: approval of partner countries and HEIs during application
- Complementarity between the two strands

# Timeline



Q & A

